

Air quality in the Czech Republic and use of modelling for AQ mapping & planning

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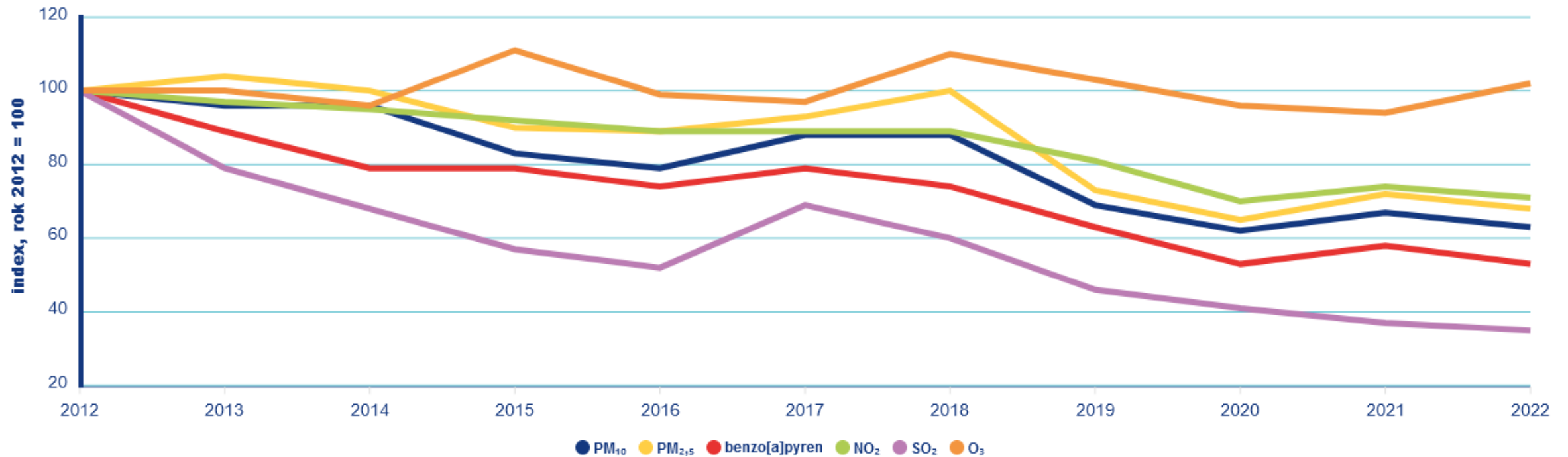
TFMM 25th annual meeting, Warsaw, Poland, 6-7 May 2024

Outline

- **Air quality status**
- **AQ mapping methodology**
- **Models used for AQ mapping**
- **AQ planning (regular update of AQ improvement plans)**

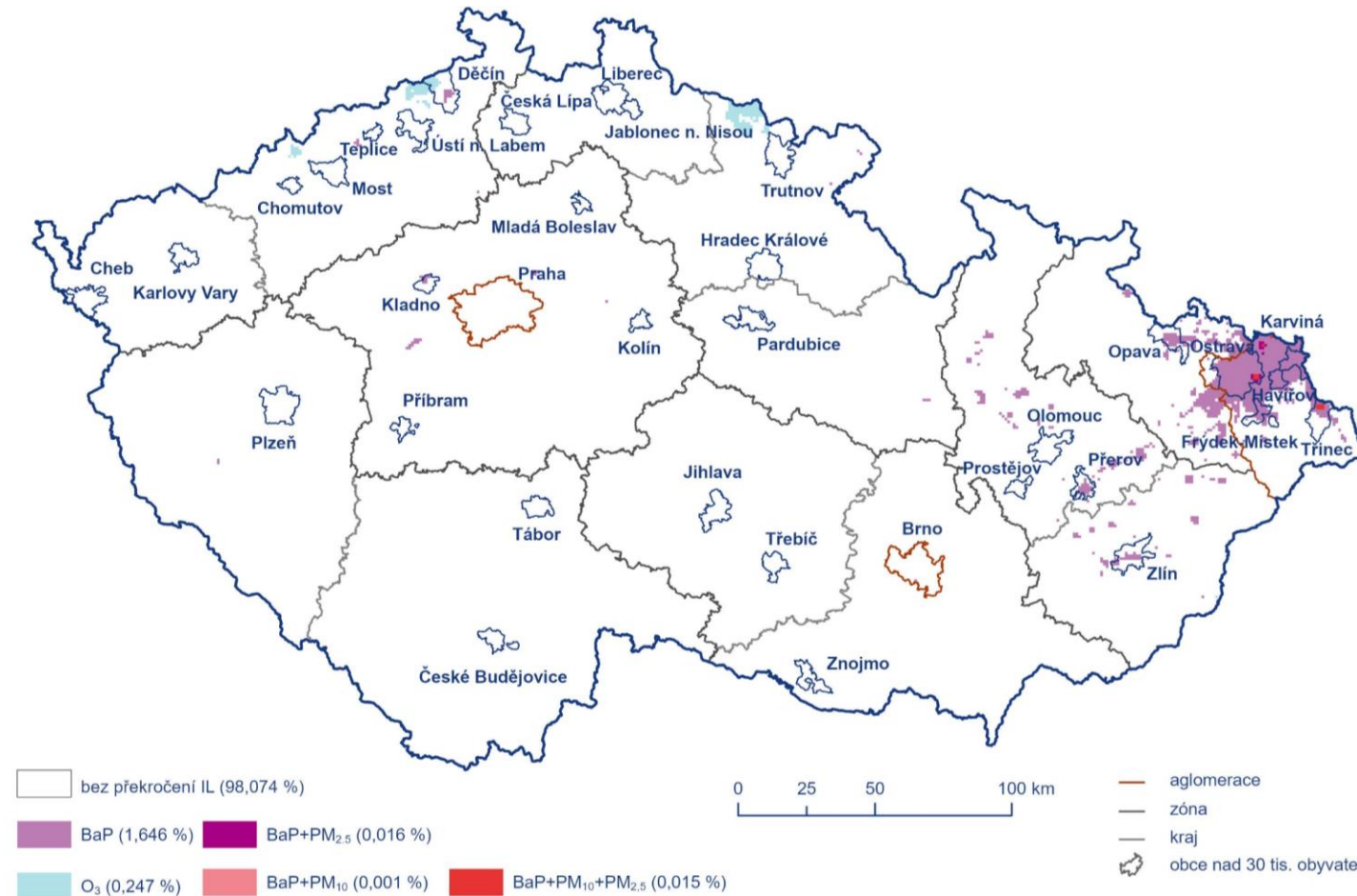
Current AQ in Czech Republic

Trends in concentrations 2012–2022



Current AQ in Czech Republic

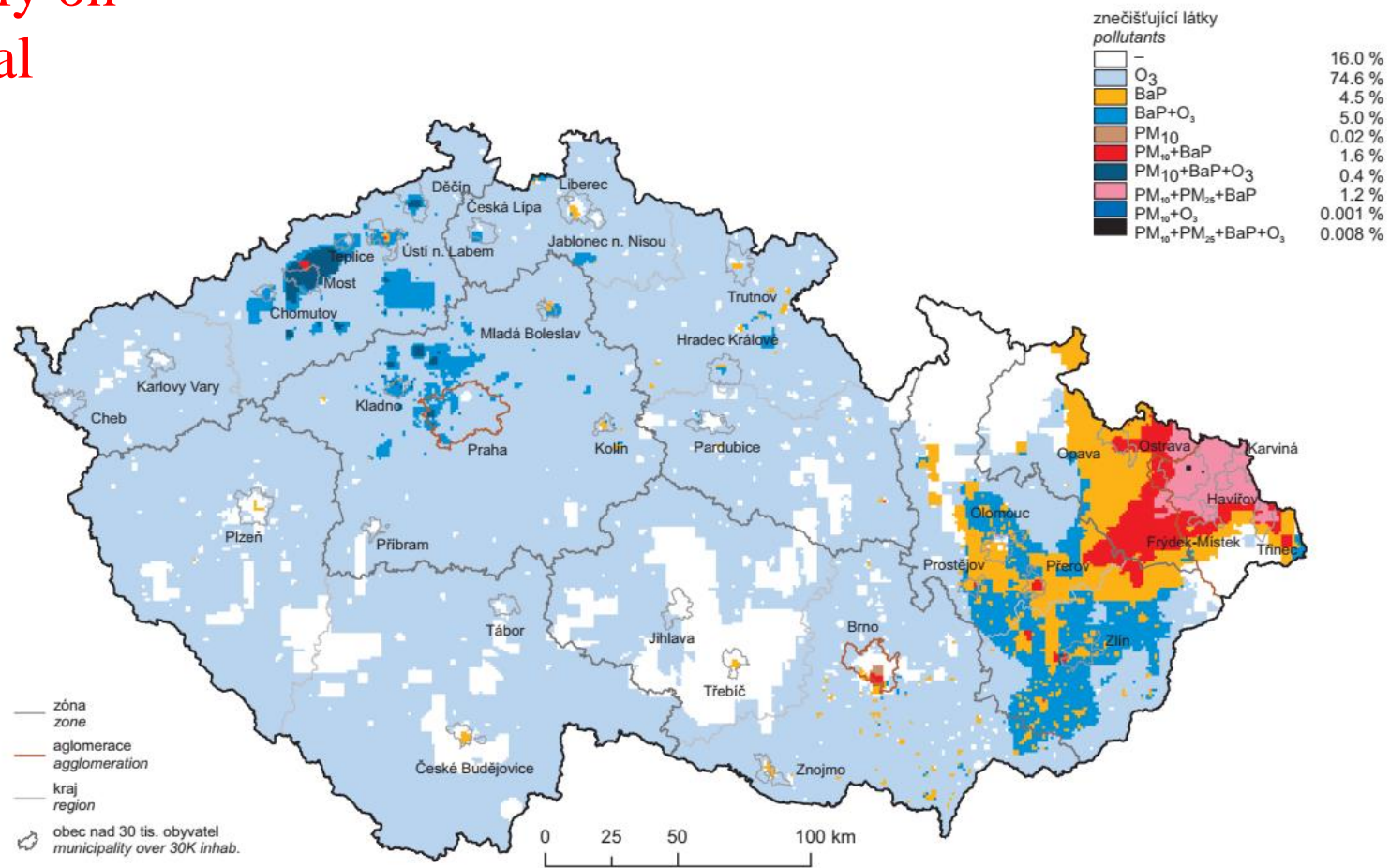
Areas with exceedance of AQ limits for health protection in 2022



Current AQ in Czech Republic

Areas with exceedance of AQ limits for health protection in 2018

Depend mainly on meteorological conditions...



Air quality mapping methodology

Similar to one used by EEA

Primary data – basic information for the mapping

- pollutant concentrations measured at stations (\Rightarrow local data + limited amount).

Supplementary data

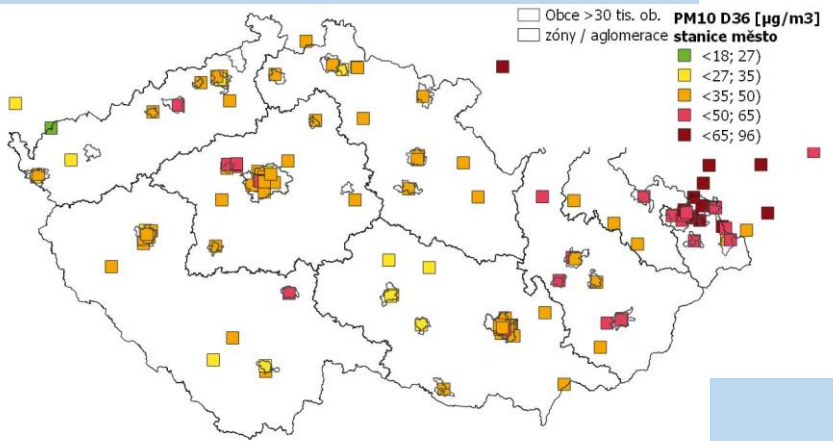
- complex information about the whole area,
- regression relationship with measured concentrations,
- mostly output from dispersion model, elevation, emission maps, or satellite imagery

Combination of primary and supplementary data

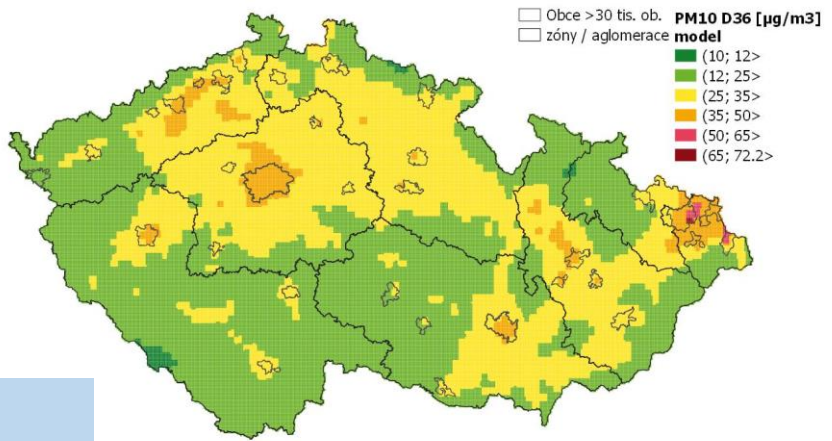
- linear regression followed by interpolation of residuals (deviations in the place of measurements),
- urban and rural maps (layers) are constructed separately and subsequently merged using the population density.

AQ mapping methodology – linear regression

Station measurements (urban/rural)



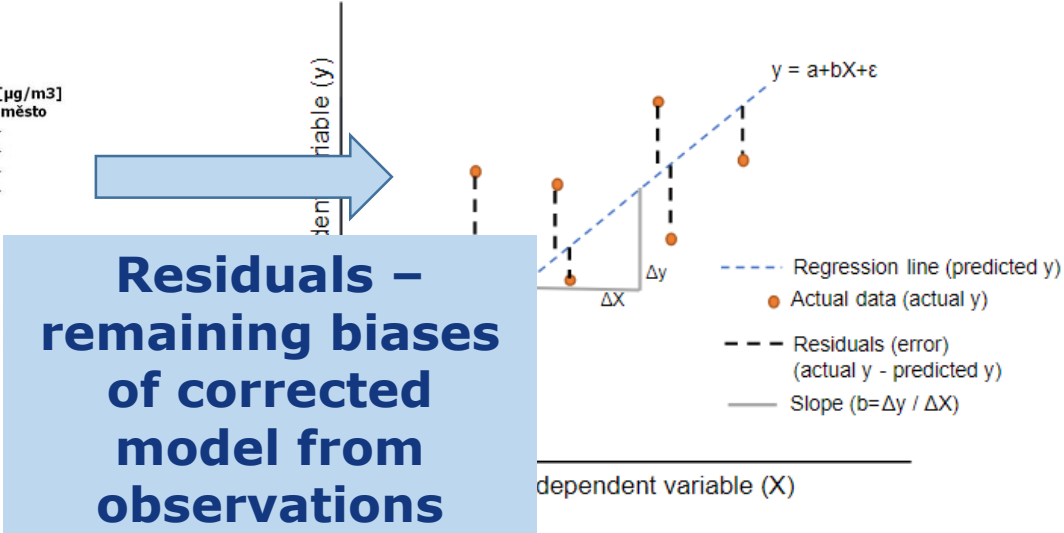
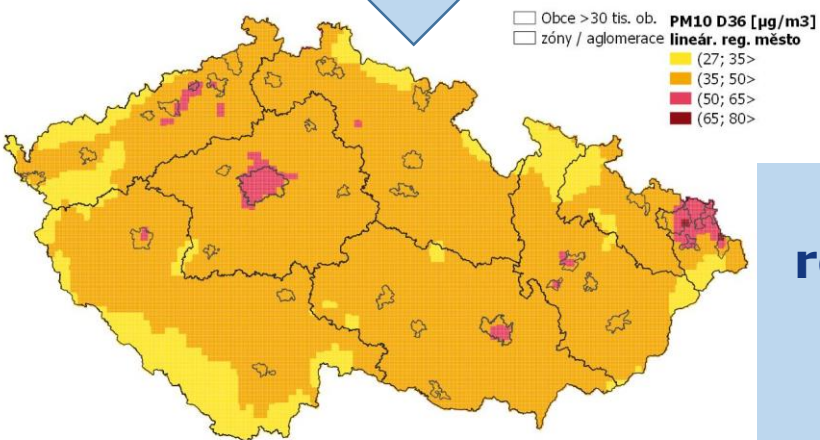
Model (X_i)



Linear regression

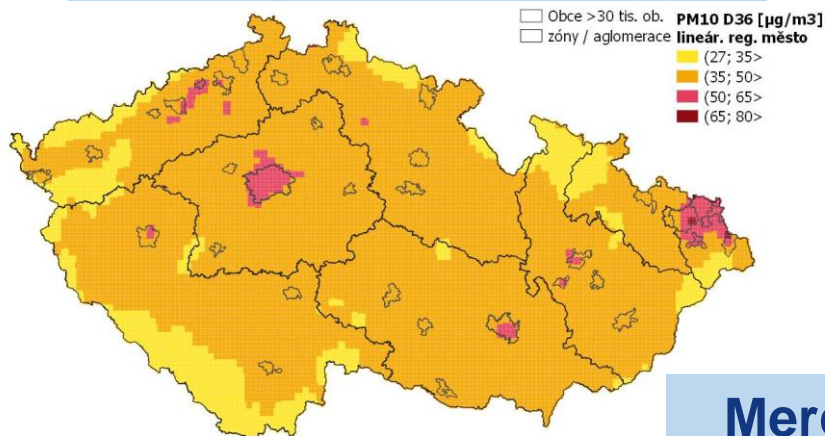
Model corrected by linear regression

$$c + \sum a_i \cdot X_i(s_0)$$

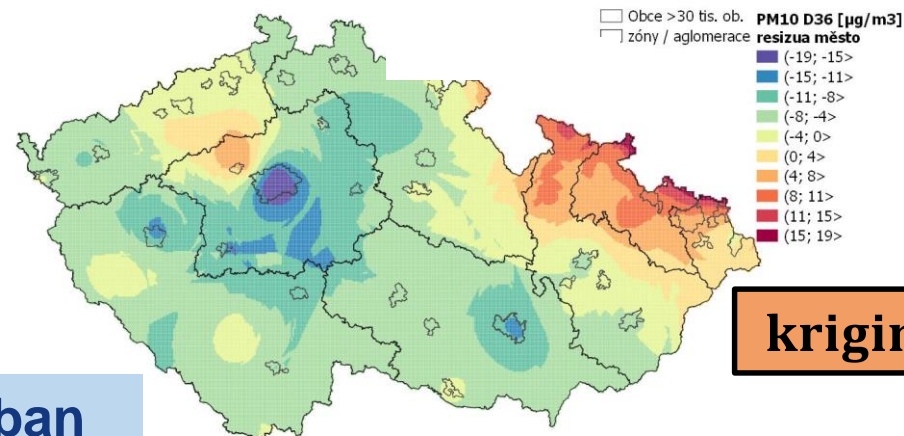


AQ mapping methodology – interpolation of residuals

Model corrected by linear regression

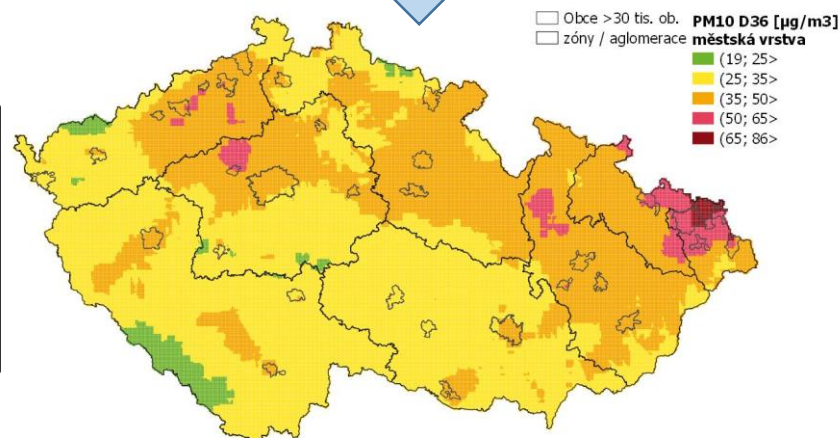


Interpolated residuals ($\hat{R}(s_0)$)



kriging, IDW

Merging → final urban and rural layer

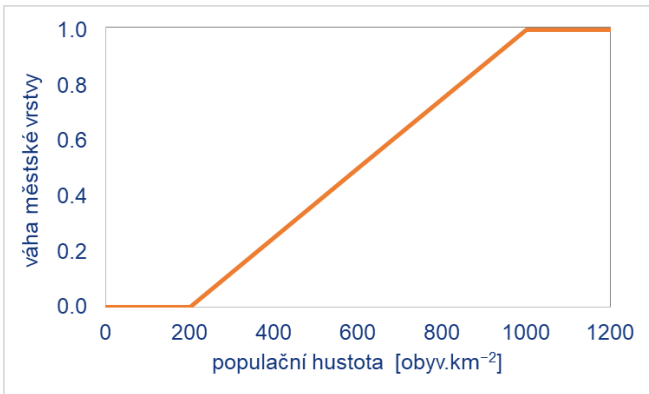
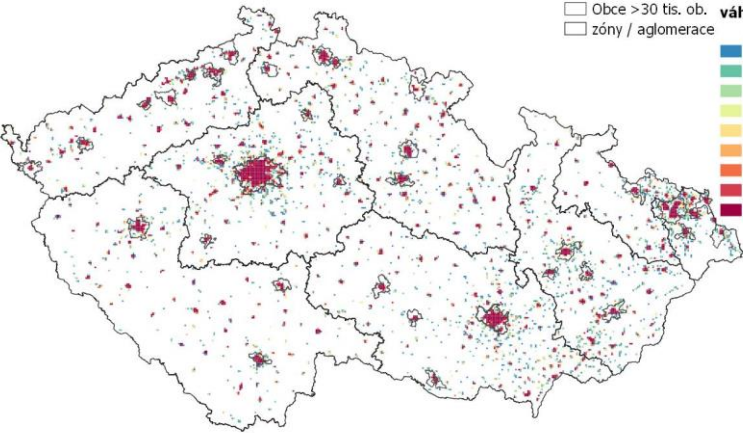
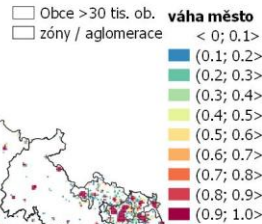


If the interpolation method used does not respect values measured at the stations, additional interpolation of residuals by the IDW method may follow.

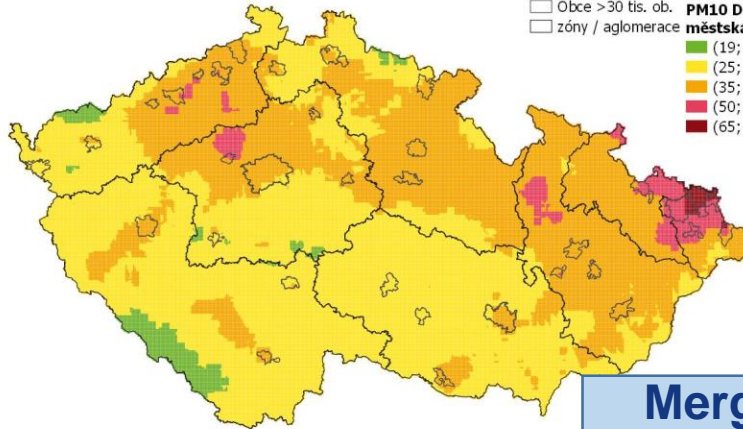
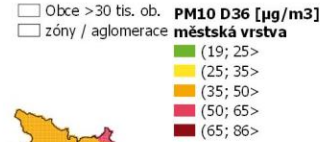
$$\hat{Z}(s_0) = c + \sum a_i \cdot X_i(s_0) + \hat{R}(s_0)$$

AQ mapping methodology – merging of layers

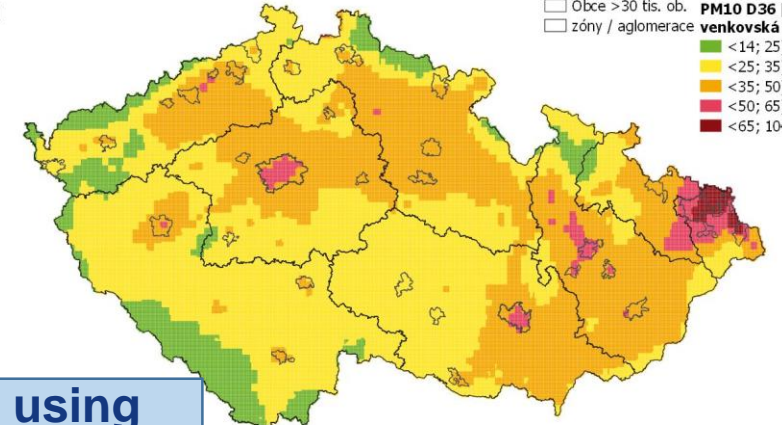
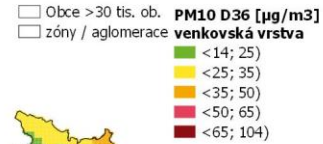
Weight of urban layer



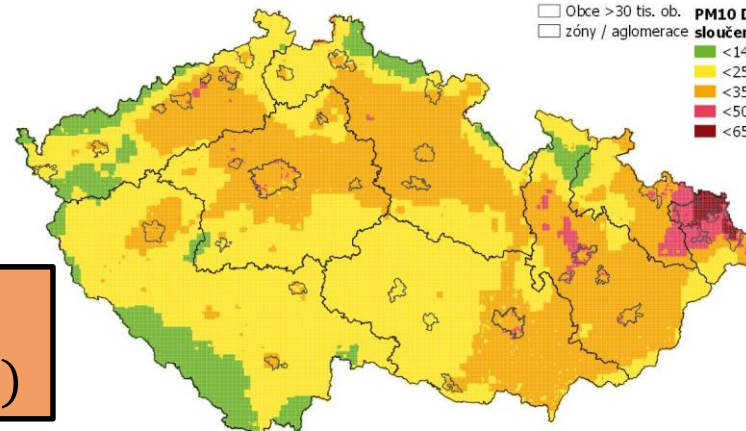
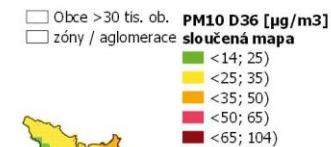
Urban layer



Rural layer



Merging using population density



Urban and rural layer can (depending on interpolation used) reproduce station observations merged layers generally not.

$$\hat{Z}_{urban} \cdot weight_{urban} + \hat{Z}_{rural} \cdot (1 - weight_{rural})$$

AQ modelling

- CTM model CAMx (2 domains with 14.1 and 2.3 km resolution)
- Emissions: Czech inventory, Polish inventory (KOBiZE), CAMS, EMEP (BaP+HMs)
- Boundary: WACCM / EMEP IFS / constant

Regular exchange of emissions used for modelling

Updates of AQ plans

- Emission scenarios
 - agreed with Ministry of Environment
 - evaluated by CAMx model
 - comparison of reference and scenario runs with the same meteorology

$$C_{scenario} = C_{ref} \frac{model_{scenario}}{model_{ref}}$$

AQ map combining
stations and model
data

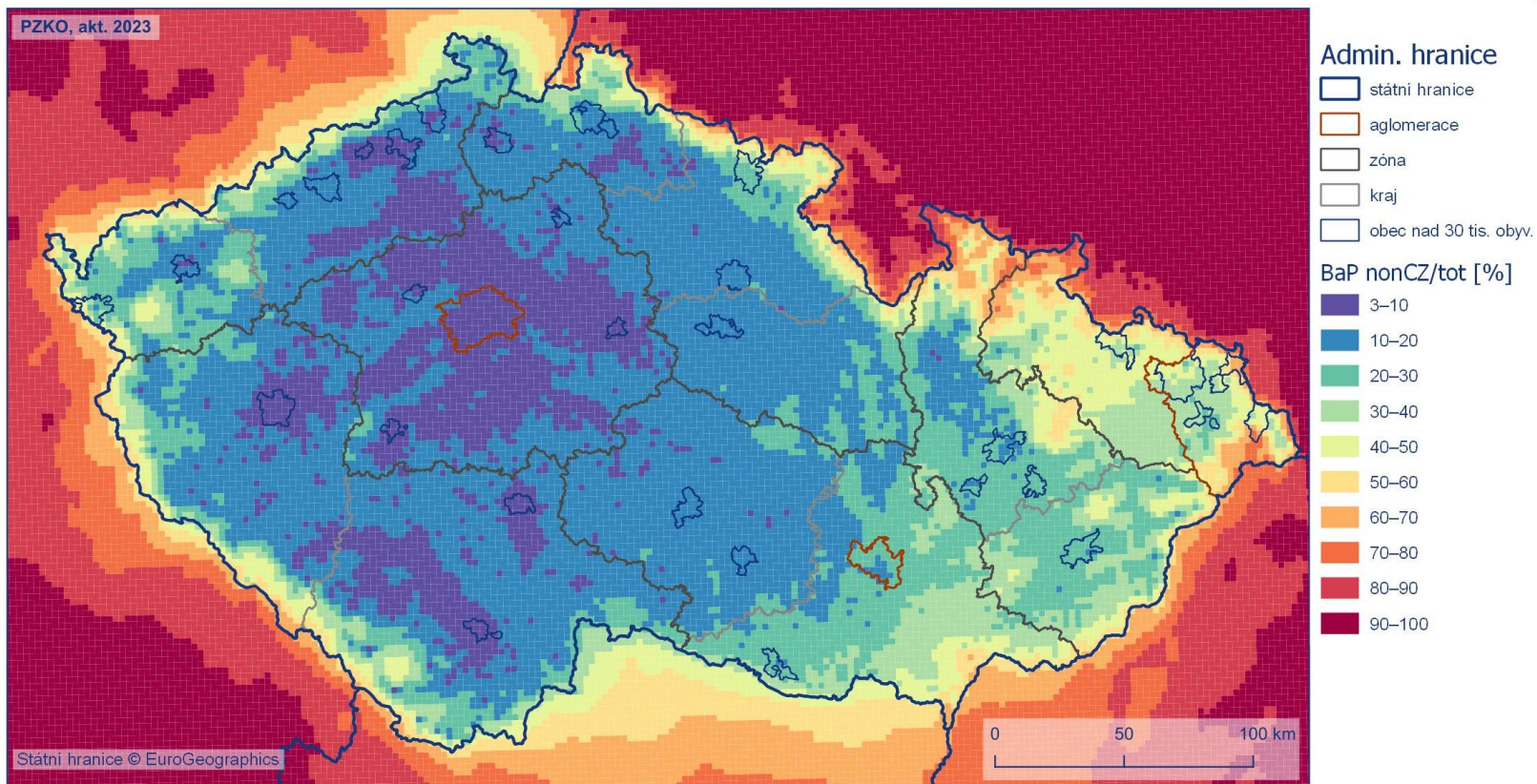
Updates of AQ plans – source apportionment

BaP – only as passive tracer in CAMx bounded to PM₁₀



Contribution of transboundary sources to BaP annual mean in 2021 [%]

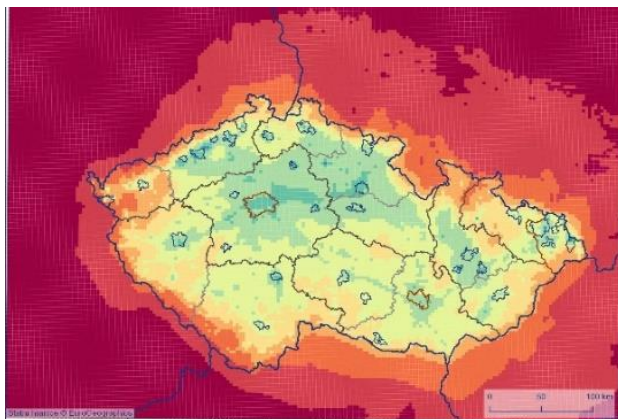
Projekt ARAMIS / SS02030031 je spolufinancován se státní podporou Technologické agentury ČR v rámci Programu Prostorů pro život



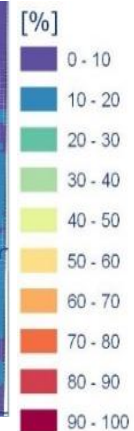
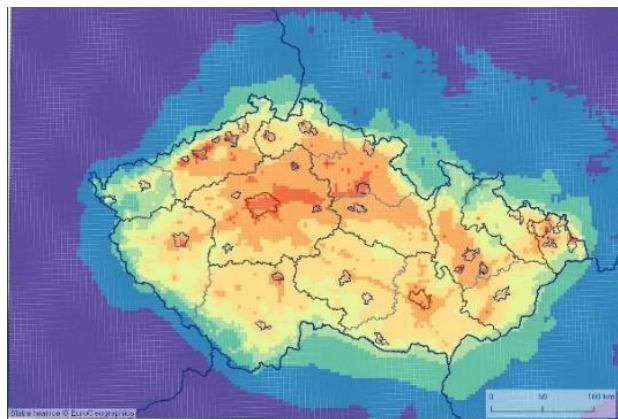
Updates of AQ plans – source apportionment

PM_x – CAMx-PSAT tool (modelling done by Charles university)

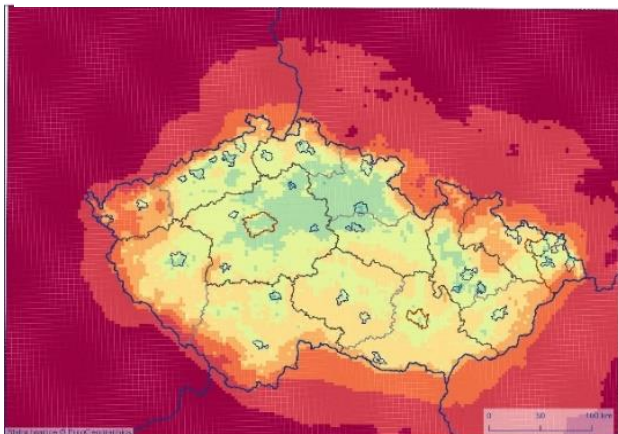
Contribution of non-CR to PM₁₀ annual mean [%]



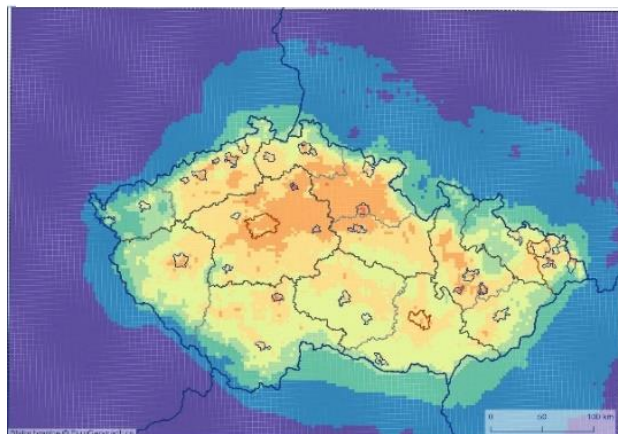
Contribution of CR to PM₁₀ annual mean [%]



Contribution of non-CR to PM_{2.5} annual mean [%]



Contribution of CR to PM_{2.5} annual mean [%]



Admin. hranice

- státní hranice
- aglomerace
- zóna
- kraj
- obec nad 30 tis. obyv.

Thank you for attention!

References

CHMI's Yearbooks of Air pollution in the Czech Republic:

https://www.chmi.cz/files/portal/docs/uoco/isko/grafroc/grafroc_GB.html (English versions stopped with year 2021). Czech versions available at https://www.chmi.cz/files/portal/docs/uoco/isko/grafroc/grafroc_CZ.html

Details on AQ mapping (in Czech) can be found for example in CHMI publication *System sběru, zpracování a hodnocení dat v roce 2022.*

Znečišťování a kvalita ovzduší, atmosférická depozice a skleníkové plyny.

WWW: <https://www.chmi.cz/files/portal/docs/reditel/SIS/nakladatelstvi/assets/system-sberu-2022.pdf>